

Unified and Standardized qualifying tests of electrolyzers for grid services

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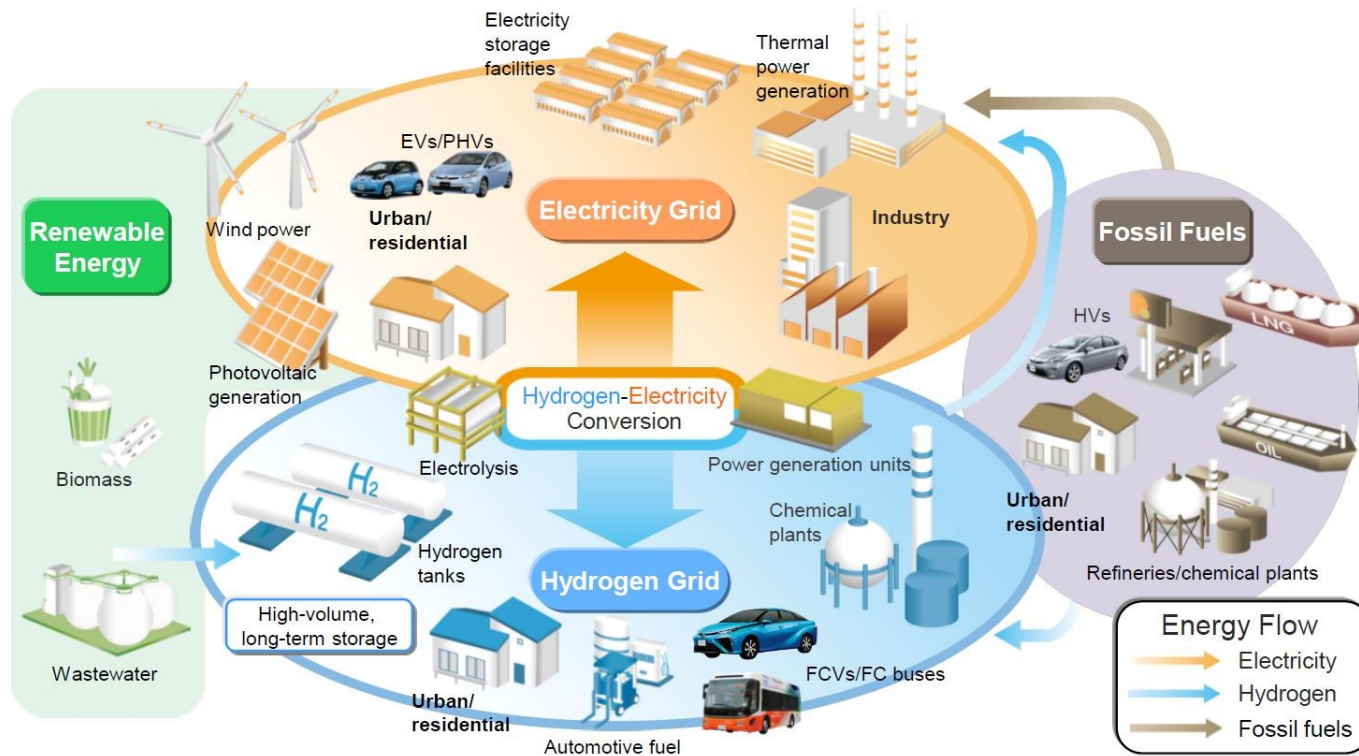
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Hydrogen, Renewable Energy and the Electricity Grid



- Decarbonisation by renewable energies
- Water electrolyzers converting electricity to hydrogen
- Hydrogen from renewable energy in transportation, industry, gas grid, electricity storage → sector coupling

Hydrogen, Renewable Energy and the Electricity Grid



Electrolyzers and Grid Service Markets



- Strong market entry of electrolyzers today still limited by costs
- Performing electricity grid services → improved revenues for electrolyzers
- Approved and standardised electrolyser tests to verify which service an electrolyser can perform → help OEMs and customers

Types of electrolyzers and properties



PEM-electrolyser

Polymer electrolyte membrane

Reaching Megawatt size

Using Pt metals

Low footprint

High dynamics

Alkaline electrolyser

Decades of Megawatt experience

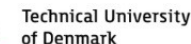
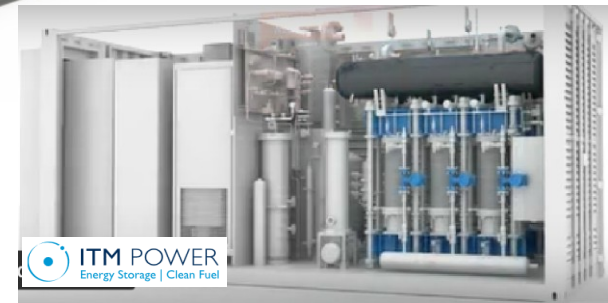
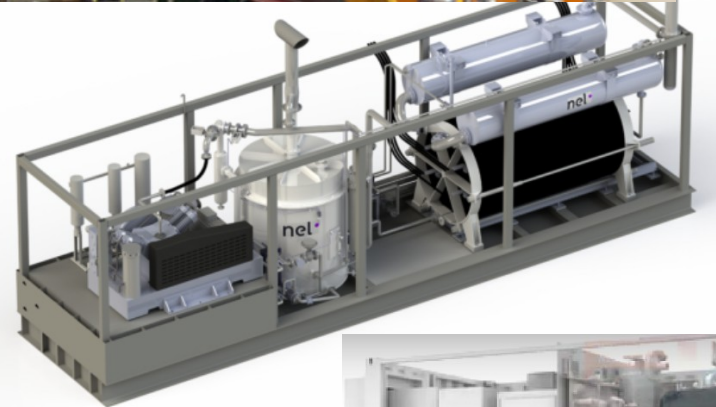
Cheaper materials

Normally lower dynamics

SOEC

Coming

High efficiency



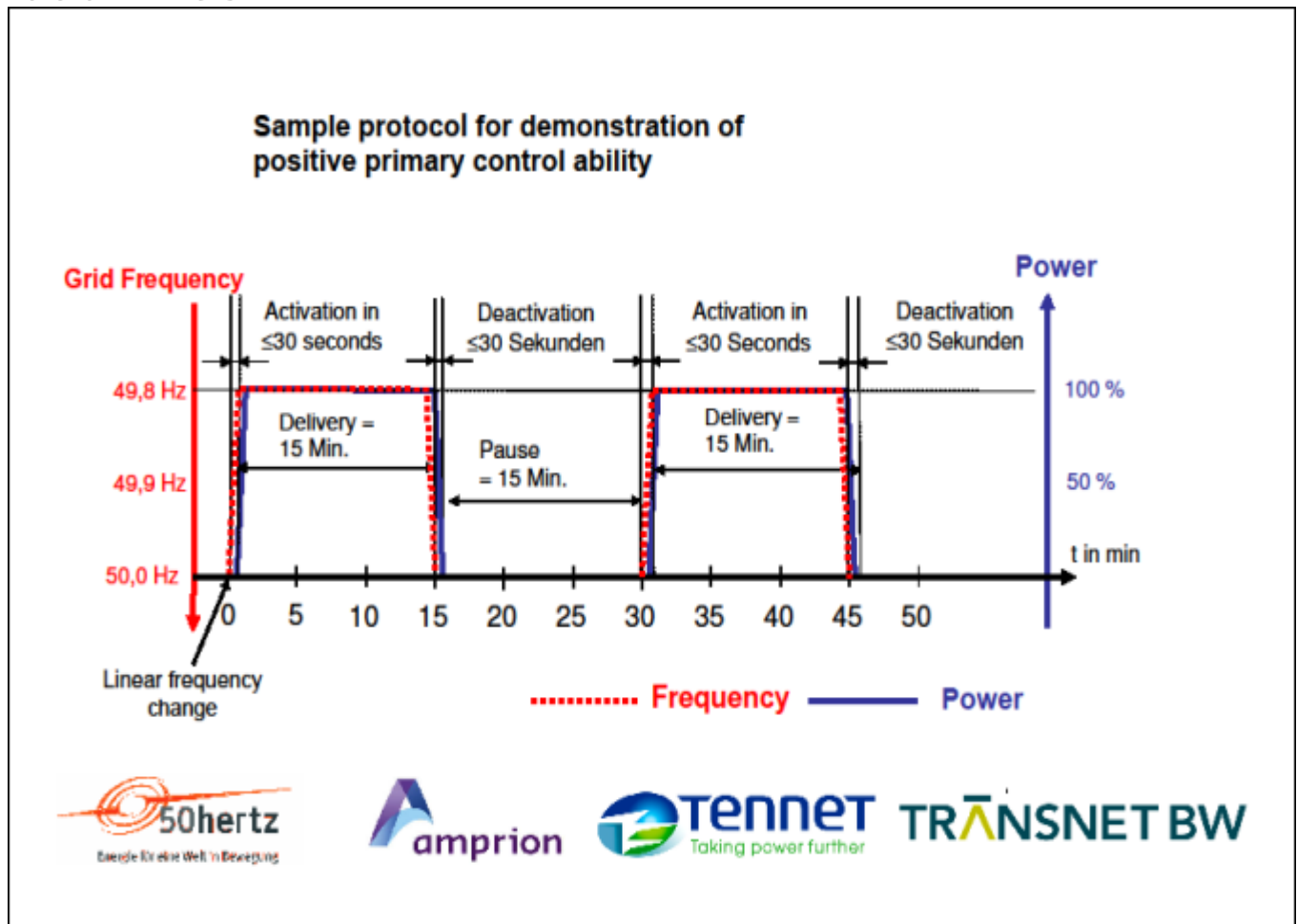
FCR

(Frequency Control Reserve)



Similarities in Prequalifications but differences in pass-criteria between the countries

Germany:



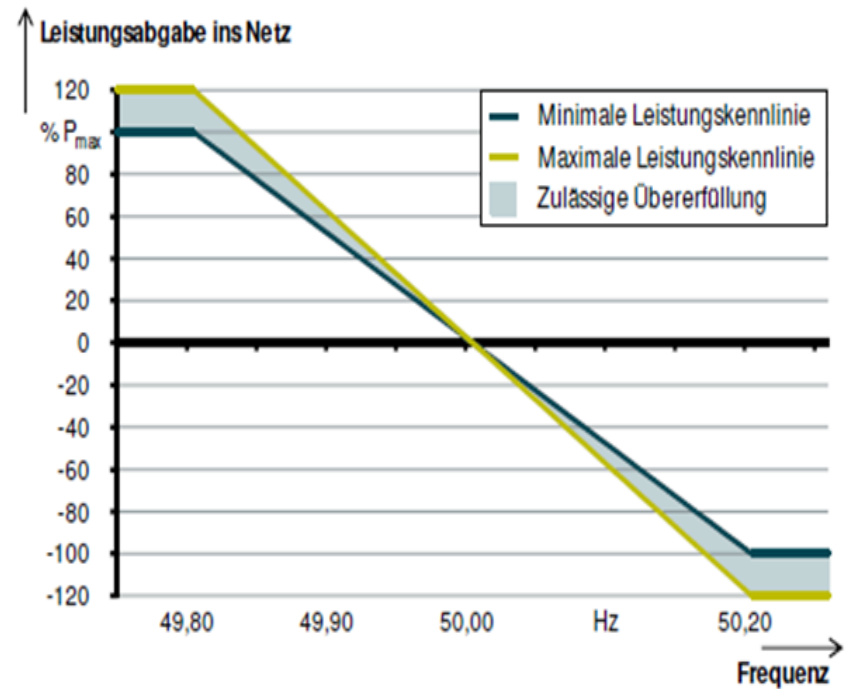
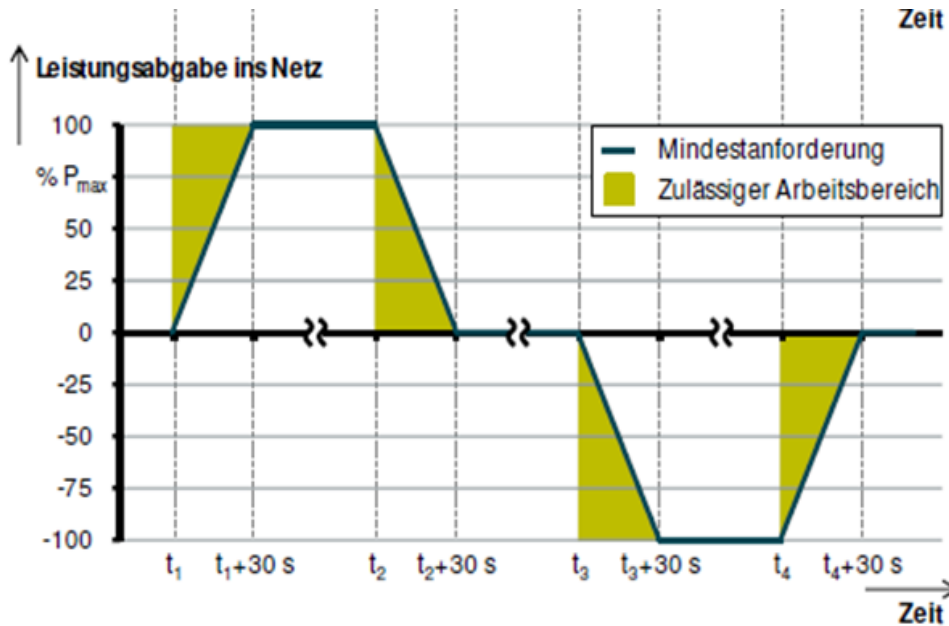
FCR

(Frequency Control Reserve)



FCR Germany

Pass criteria:

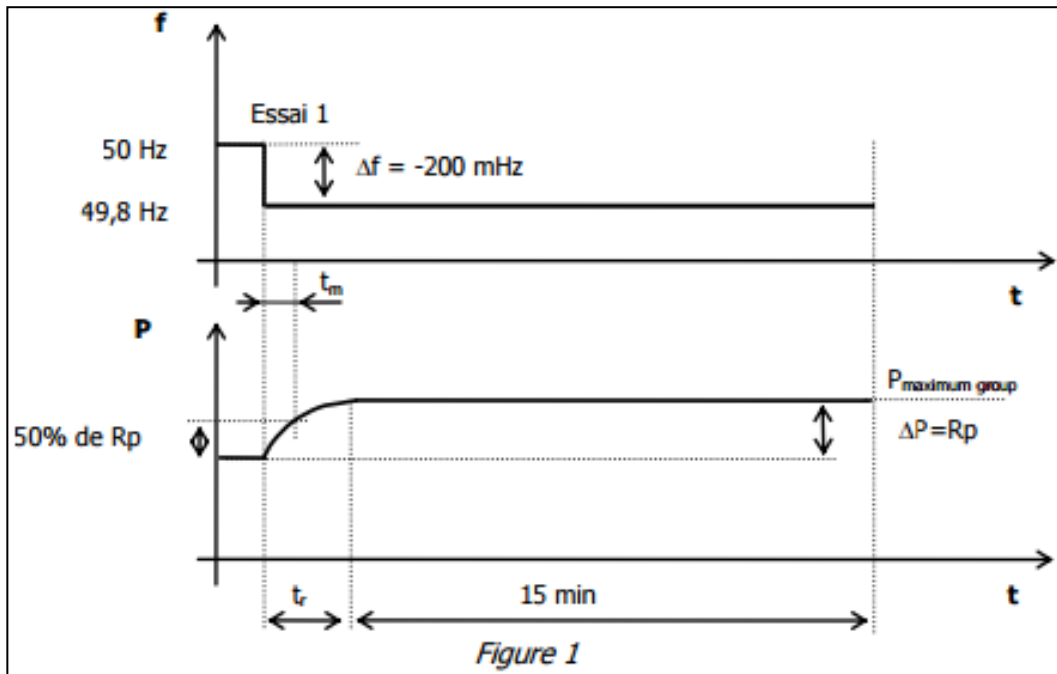


FCR

(Frequency Control Reserve)



FCR France



and several other,
smaller steps

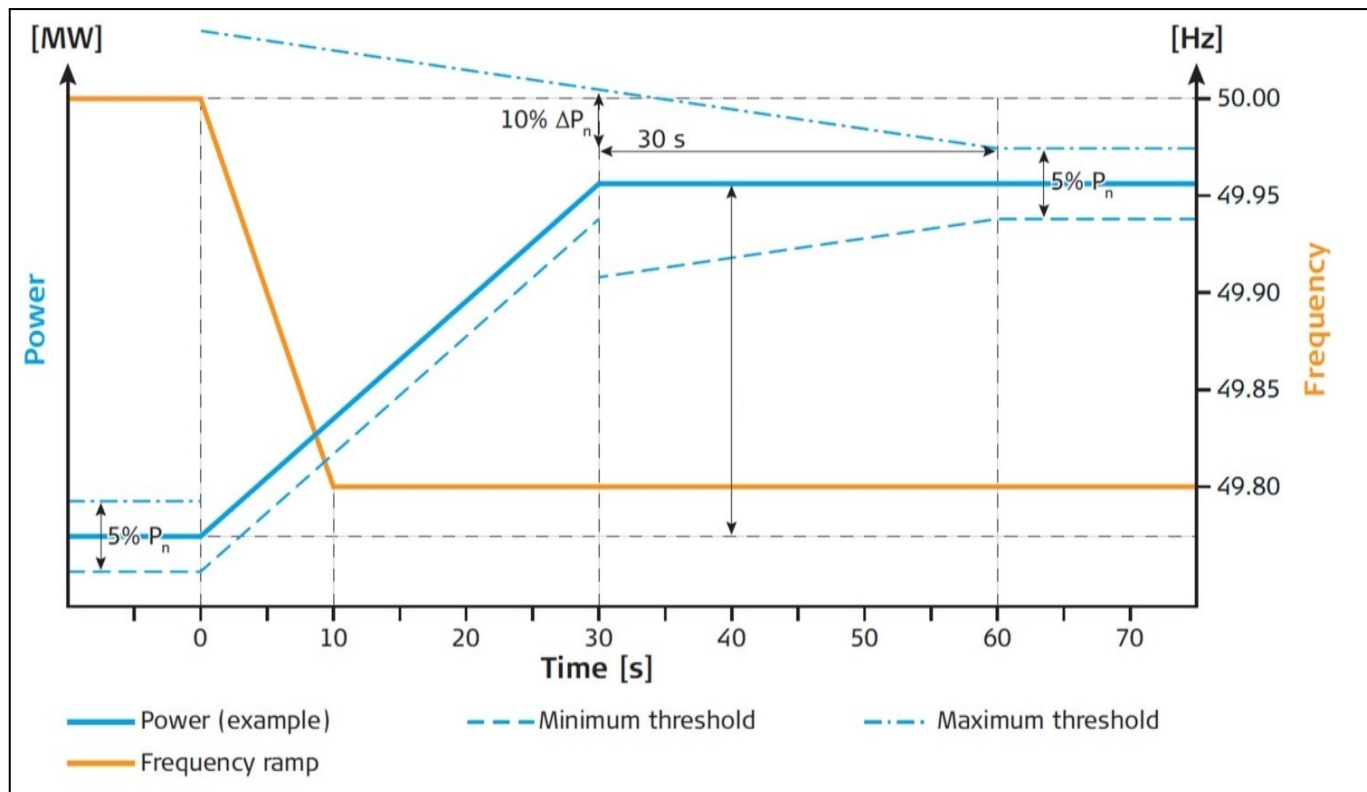
Pass criteria:

- Non oscillating waveform response
- Time $t_r < 30 \text{ sec}$
- Time $t_m < 10 \text{ sec}$
- The variation $\Delta P = R_p$ maintained for 15 min (after t_r)

FCR

(Frequency Control Reserve)

FCR Switzerland



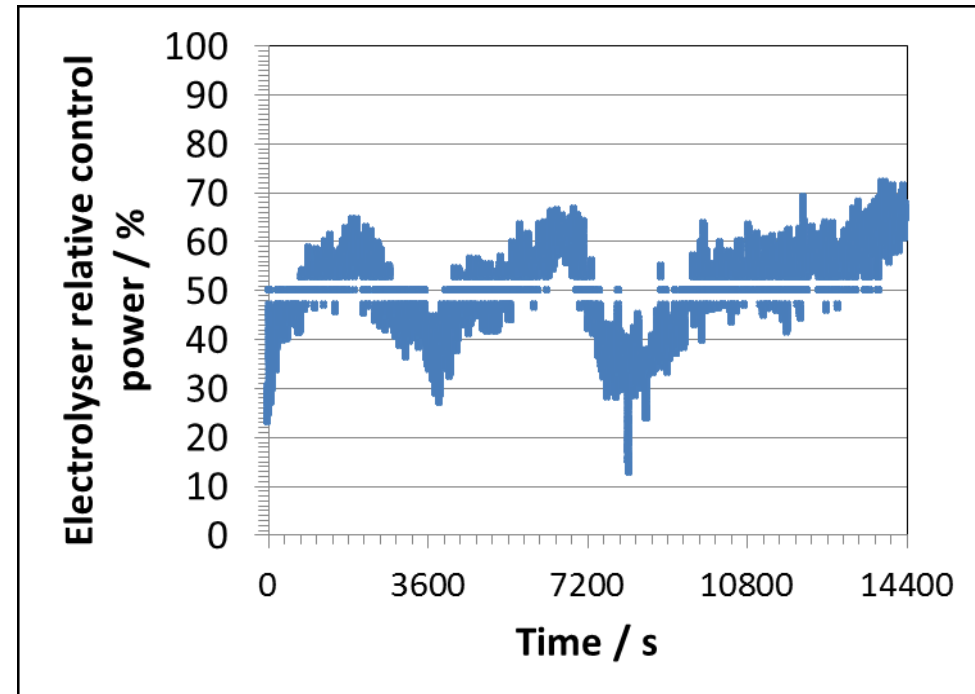
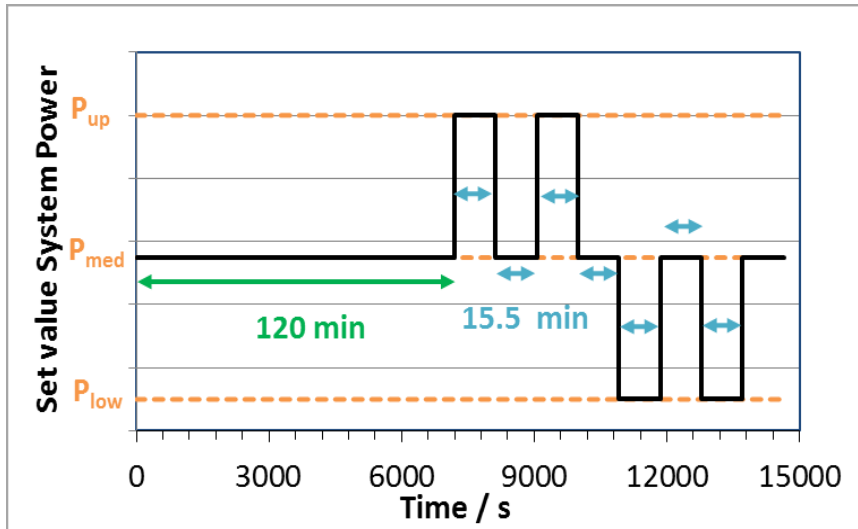
Testing protocols for electricity grid services



Protocols draft worked out for FCR, aFRR, mFRR, RR, both positive and negative.

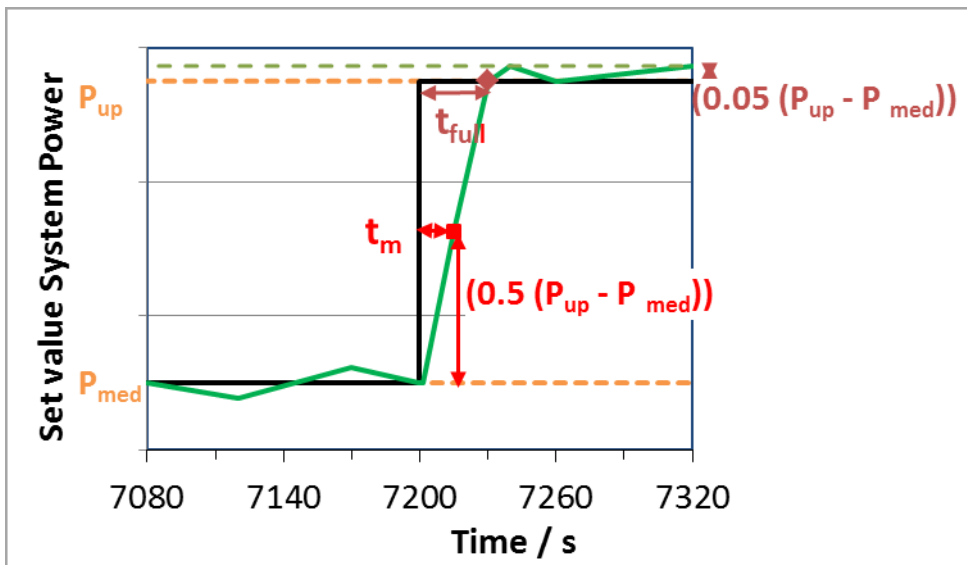
Example: FCR testing Protocol
Protocol first test

Protocol second test
(based on Fingrid frequency profile)



Testing protocols for electricity grid services

FCR testing protocol
Data evaluation



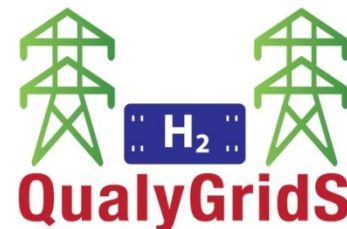
$$t_m \leq 15 \text{ sec}$$

$$t_{full} \leq 30 \text{ sec}$$

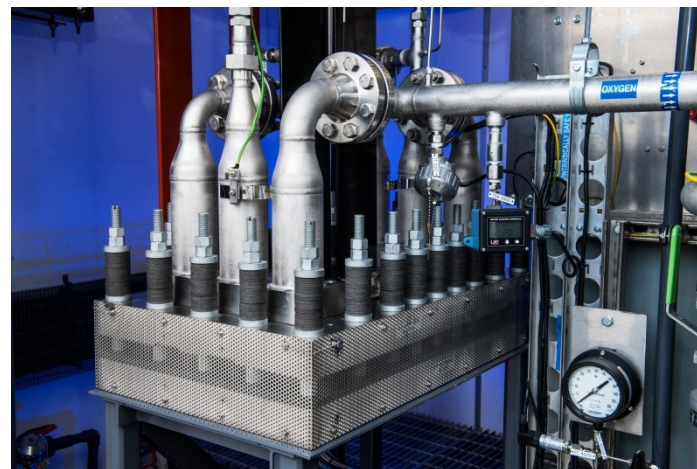
Initial response time $\leq 1.5 \text{ sec}$

Stability $(\pm 0.05 (P_{up} - P_{med}))$

Experimental verification



Hydrogenics 50 kW PEM electrolyzer operated at DLR
Compared to Hydrogenics 1.5 kW system

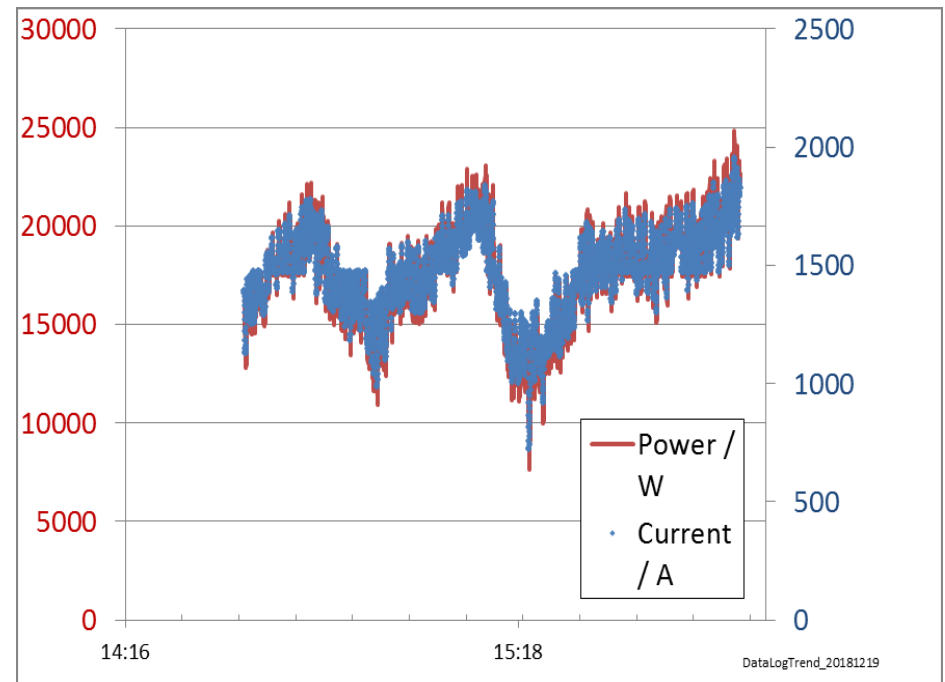
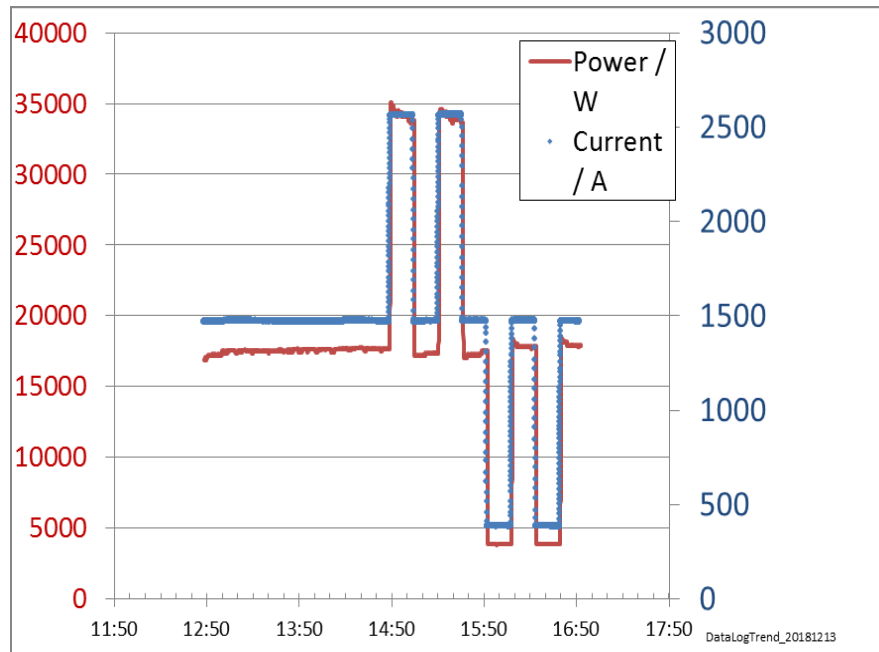


Experimental verification

Example: FCR testing Protocol



Experimental verification 50 kW PEM electrolyser test at DLR

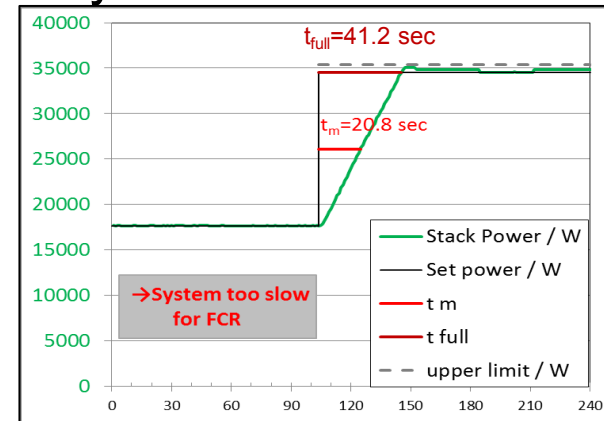
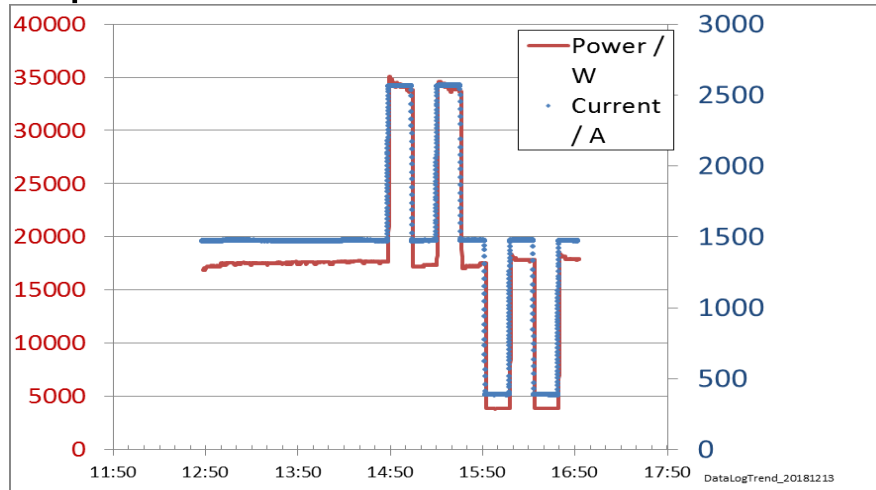


Experimental verification

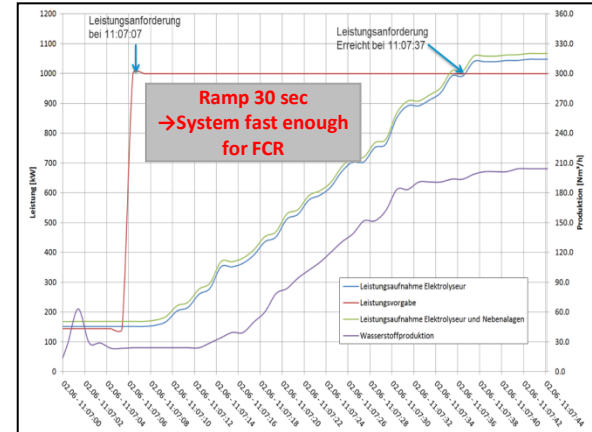


Example: FCR testing protocol

Experimental verification 50 kW PEM electrolyser test at DLR



1.5 MW electrolyser:

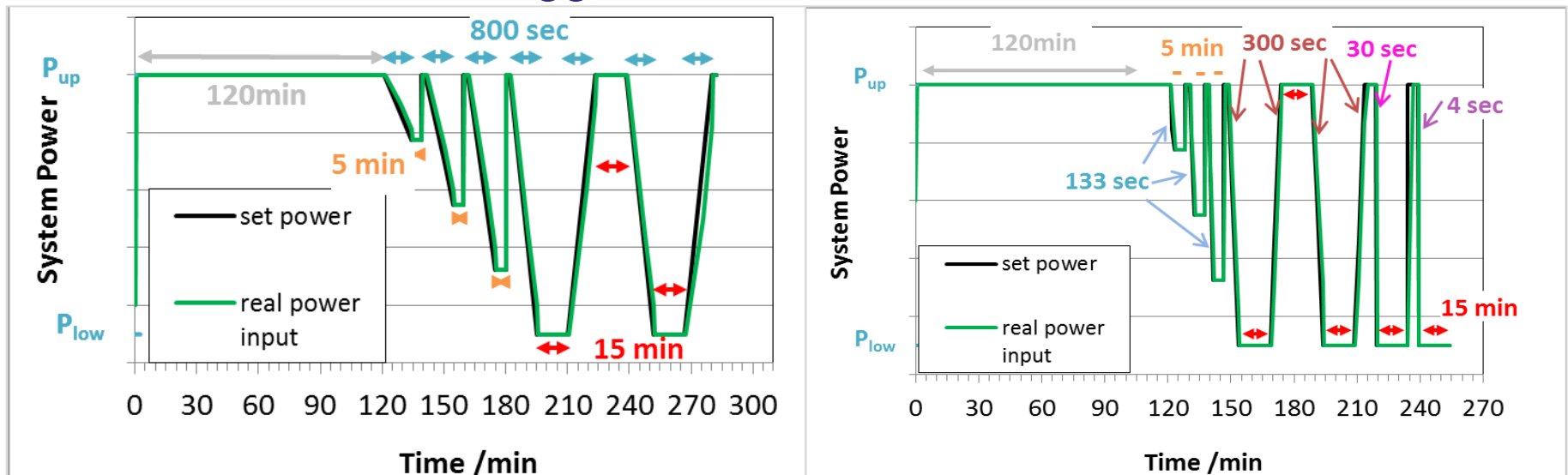


aFRR

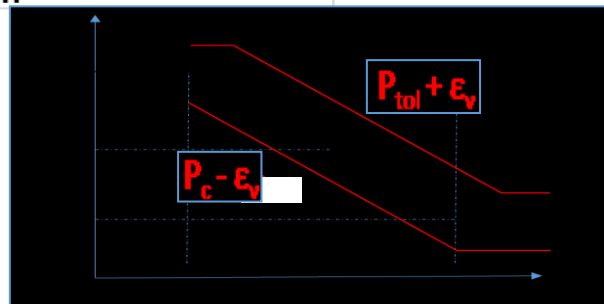
(automatically activated Frequency Restoration Reserve)



- Varying activation times between countries, partial activation
- 2 series of tests suggested from slow to fast



- Data evaluation:

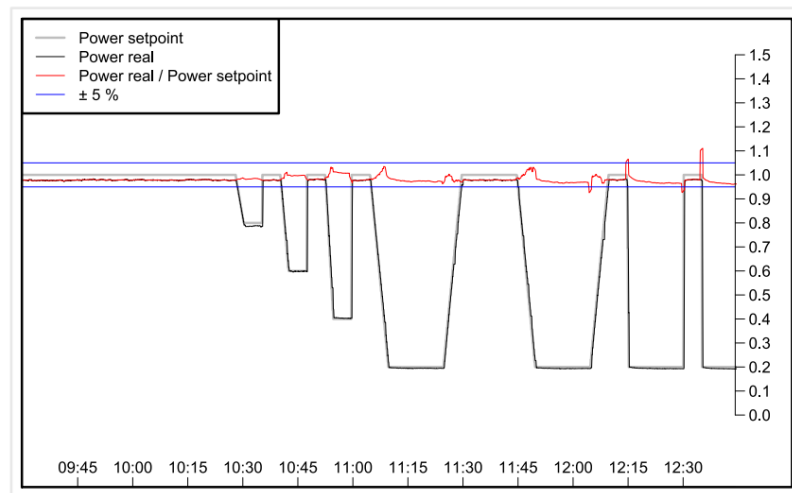
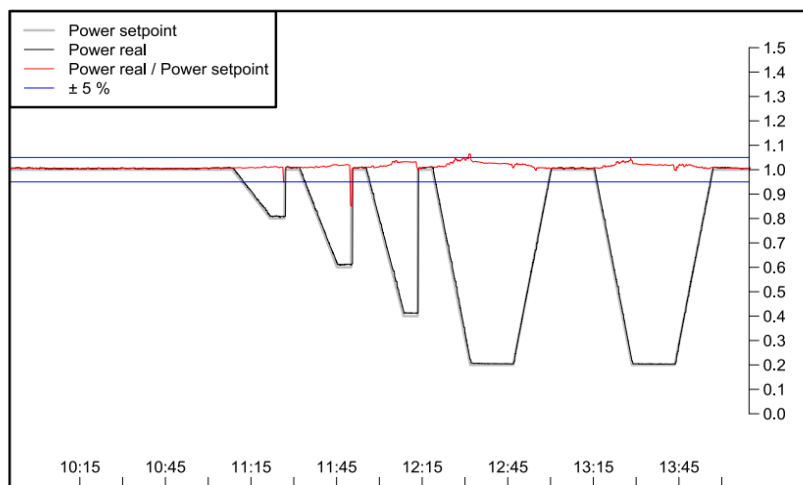


$\epsilon_v = 1\%$ of the target ΔP

aFRR experimental verification with alkaline electrolyser



NEL 300 kW alkaline electrolyser operated at NEL:
state of the art electrolyser as used for refuelling
stations but with faster rectifier and pressure
controllers



Various grid services



- Considered with the definition of characteristic properties of the electrolyser:

5.13 Performance tests

The tests 5.13.1, 5.13.2, 5.13.3, 5.13.4, 5.13.5 and 5.13.6 are independent of each other. Users of this technical specification may selectively execute test items suitable for their purposes from those described in this technical specification.

5.13.1 Basic characterisation of electrolyser system for grid-service relevant parameters

5.13.1.2.1.1 Protocol for determination of Cold Start Time to Nominal Power

5.13.1.2.1.1.1 Protocol for determination of start-up time from standby mode

5.13.1.2.1.2 Protocol for Identification of available range

5.13.1.2.1.3 Protocol for Determination of Minimum-Maximum-Dynamics

5.13.1.2.1.4 Protocol for Determination of Nominal-Maximum-Dynamics

5.13.1.2.1.5 Protocol for determination of power down to standby time

- Available Power Range ΔP
- Time to power up t_{up}
- Time to power down t_{down}
- Power stability
- Characteristic time t_m and t_{full} for steps up and steps down / ramp duration
- Initial response time
- The Total Response Time Maximum Power to Minimum Power $t_{max \rightarrow min}$
- Time from nominal to standby state:
 $t_{down_to_standby}$

Status Electrolysers for Grid Services

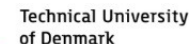


- Can do FCR, aFRR, mFRR
- System adaptations compared to standard product:
precise power control, BOP power consumption
smoothened or on separate grid connection point

Conclusions Testing Protocols



- Next steps: work out improved protocols based on feedback from experimental tests, updates in grid services etc.
- Experimental verification ongoing
- Draft testing protocols can be shared with interested persons – we would be happy about feedback if the protocols are applicable and appropriate
- Unified testing protocols might be used also for other electricity consumers providing grid services



Thank you

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